Important Disclaimers:

- This information is based on outreach to the state’s specific licensing boards from April to July 2023 and is subject to change. To get up to date information on licensure application requirements, individuals should verify this information with the licensing board.

- This information does not constitute legal advice. For individualized legal advice, consult with an attorney.

- If you qualify for professional licensure (refer to chart on page 2) and do not have work authorization, you cannot work as an employee. You may be able to use your license as an independent contractor or business owner.

- Federal law prohibits states from issuing professional licenses to immigrants who are not lawfully present in the U.S. unless the state passes a law expressly providing eligibility for professional licensure. You can check the law for your state at this link: [https://www.higheredimmigrationportal.org/states](https://www.higheredimmigrationportal.org/states)

Important Disclaimers:

- Contact the state licensing board and ask for the latest guidance on whether the following are needed to obtain licensure:
  - Lawful status, a social security number (SSN), and/or individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN).
  - Clinical hours that require lawful status, an SSN, and/or ITIN.
  - A background/fingerprint check that requires lawful status, an SSN, and/or ITIN. Note: the board will likely not know this information and direct you to a separate agency or third party vendor that manages this process.

- If you do not have an SSN or ITIN, learn how to apply for an ITIN via TheDream.US’ ITIN website at [thedream.us/itin](thedream.us/itin). An ITIN may allow you to apply for licensure (refer to chart on page 2).

Licensure Checklist

Before relying on the below information, take these steps:

1. Contact the state licensing board and ask for the latest guidance on whether the following are needed to obtain licensure:
   - Lawful status, a social security number (SSN), and/or individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN).
   - Clinical hours that require lawful status, an SSN, and/or ITIN.
   - A background/fingerprint check that requires lawful status, an SSN, and/or ITIN. Note: the board will likely not know this information and direct you to a separate agency or third party vendor that manages this process.

2. If you do not have an SSN or ITIN, learn how to apply for an ITIN via TheDream.US’ ITIN website at [thedream.us/itin](thedream.us/itin). An ITIN may allow you to apply for licensure (refer to chart on page 2).
### Idaho Professional License Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Professional License</th>
<th>Available with SSN &amp; Lawful Presence*</th>
<th>Available with ITIN</th>
<th>Available without SSN or ITIN</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Nurse</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physician's Assistant</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Counselor</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Psychologist</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medical/Clinical Lab Technician</td>
<td>Yes (not regulated by state)</td>
<td>Yes (not regulated by state)</td>
<td>Yes (not regulated by state)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dentist / Hygienist</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Educator</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attorney</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accountant</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social Worker</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professional Engineer</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*For purposes of this guide, lawful presence is defined under 8 CFR § 1.3, which includes DACA and TPS holders.*
Business Registration Requirements

In all U.S. states:

- **Legal Structure**: Individuals with an SSN or ITIN can:
  - (1) legally register a business (i.e., LLC, corporation, partnership) in any state; or
  - (2) operate as a sole proprietor without registering their business

- **Federal Taxes**: All sole proprietors and businesses must pay taxes on business income to the federal government through the U.S. Internal Revenue Service (IRS) with an SSN, ITIN, or EIN. Note: To get an EIN, you must have an SSN or an ITIN.

- **State Taxes**: Most states, including Idaho, require individuals and corporations to pay state taxes on business income.
  - Note: Most states accept an SSN, ITIN, or EIN to register for state business taxes. A select few, however, require SSNs to register for state business taxes. The state of Idaho does not require SSNs to register for state business taxes.

To register for Idaho state business taxes, business owners:

- **Who do not have an ISSN** can submit an ITIN to register.

- **Who have a registered business** (i.e., LLC, corporation, partnership) must register their business EIN.

- **Who operate as sole proprietors** must register their SSN or ITIN.